## Curriculum Statement:

At St James we follow the Surrey Agreed syllabus for Religious Education. Through our teaching, we encourage pupils to develop positive, respectful attitudes to their learning and to the beliefs and values of others.

The following attitudes are particularly important for good learning in Religious Education: selfawareness, respect for all, open-mindedness and an appreciation and wonder.

In lessons we aim to provide a breadth of experience which develops the skills of observation, enquiry, reflection and evaluation.



# Statement of Intent:

Our inclusive community is founded upon a Christian ethos which welcomes and embraces everyone, regardless of their beliefs. Our mission is for everyone to be the best they can be and our values; Love, Unity, Respect and Courage are at the heart of all we do.

## Key Skills developed:

Progression in RE depends upon the development and application of the following learning skills. These skills should be used in developing a range of activities for pupils to demonstrate their capabilities in RE. They will ensure that we move our pupils on from knowledge accumulation and work that is merely descriptive to higher level thinking and more sophisticated skills.

# Reflection - this includes:

Reflecting on feelings, relationships, experience, ultimate questions, beliefs and practices **Empathy** – this includes: Considering the thoughts, feelings, experiences, attitudes, beliefs and values of others Developing the ability to identify feelings such as love, wonder, forgiveness and sorrow Seeing the world through the eyes of others, and seeing issues from their point of view **Investigation** – this includes: Asking relevant questions Knowing how to gather information from a variety of sources Knowing what may constitute evidence for justifying beliefs in religion Interpretation – this includes: Drawing meaning from artefacts, works of art, music, poetry and symbolism Interpreting religious language Suggesting meanings of religious texts **Evaluation** – this includes: Debating issues of religious significance with reference to evidence and argument Analysis – this includes: Distinguishing between opinion and fact Distinguishing between the features of different religions Synthesis – this includes: Linking significant features of religion together in a coherent pattern Connecting different aspects of life into a meaningful whole **Application** – this includes: Making the association between religion and individual, community, national and international life Expression – this includes: Explaining concepts, rituals and practices Expressing religious views, and responding to religious questions through a variety of media.

#### **EYFS** continuous provision: how does the curriculum work? There are 6 key questions, accessed through continuous provision (or discretely), in line with Development Matters & Birth to 5 Matters guidance for EYFS. Pupils EYFS are assessed against ELGs. All units will introduce specialist vocabulary and be resourced reflecting the worldviews that are appropriate for each school's setting, whilst also including Christianity. Who am I and where do I belong? Why do we have celebrations? What makes a place special? â $\mathbf{\hat{\mathbf{A}}}$ Some people have places that are special to them Every person is special and unique • Each person has a "birth-day" and this is celebrated on ٠ Some people believe that God made them this way the anniversary of their birth There are special buildings where some people go • Celebrations are joyful times to think and learn about God How new babies are welcomed • • Celebrations are often a time to say "thank you" People belong together in different ways Some people feel close to God anywhere or in their • • People have different ways of showing they 'belong' Christians celebrate special festivals e.g. Harvest, own special places together (religious & non-religious) Christmas, Easter Other religions have different festivals Special people in different religions (e.g. Jesus / • • Prophet Muhammad (pbuh) / Moses) School-based celebrations **1** What makes something 'special'? What makes our world wonderful? Ŵ What can we learn from stories? Different things are special to people for different People can have favourite stories • • Our world is a place of wonder & we should look Through stories people share ideas and values about after it reasons • How to look after special things and respect things that People are naturally 'creative' how to live • Some books are special to religious groups e.g. Bible Some people believe our world was created by God ٠ are special to others (Christians) Torah (Jews) Qur'an (Muslims) and talk • People can use objects to help them remember special and that this is an important story in their special about God times and places books Some stories are about special people e.g. Jesus, Memories can be special • Some people believe that it came about naturally • Prophet Muhammad (pbuh\*), Moses etc. Some objects are 'religious' objects and help people to and that science is the best way to understand it ٠ think about God

KSI	Compulsory units: 3 per year	Concepts	Compulsory units: 2 per year	Concepts	Thematic units – choose I per year
YI Au I	CHRISTIANITY: Why do Christians call God 'creator'? • 'Create' / 'creation' / 'creator'	God Creation	<ul> <li>YI. JUDAISM: What is the Torah &amp; why is it so important to Jewish families?</li> <li>What makes a book special?</li> </ul>	Shabbat Creation 'shalom' rest	<ul> <li>What makes a good leader?</li> <li>Who are 'good' leaders?</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>God as 'creator' of the world &amp; in other parts of the Bible</li> <li>Celebration of Harvest</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>• What makes a book special?</li> <li>• Torah is special as it contains God's words &amp; rules for living (mitzvot)</li> <li>• How Jewish people show the Torah is special in how it's treated &amp; where it lives</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Who are good leaders?</li> <li>Why did people follow Moses / Jesus / Muhammad?</li> <li>Leaders who followed a faith / belief</li> <li>What can we learn from leaders?</li> <li>How can we be a good 'follower'?</li> </ul>
	CHRISTIANITY: What is the 'Nativity' and why is it important to Christians?		Y2 JUDAISM: Why do Jewish families celebrate the gift of Shabbat?		YI Su 2 Why do people tell stories?
YI Au 2	<ul> <li>'Nativity' as the birth of Jesus</li> <li>Other important people in the Nativity</li> <li>Why did angels announce Jesus' birth?</li> <li>Diversity of Nativity sets across the world</li> <li>Christmas as focus of worship of Jesus</li> </ul>	<mark>Incarnation</mark> God Worship	<ul> <li>Shabbat as a special gift of rest</li> <li>Links with creation story</li> <li>Friday night meal &amp; symbols; Saturday night ceremony as start of new week</li> </ul>	ʻHoly' Torah Mitzvot Respect	<ul> <li>Stories help us understand life; teach us to be better people; about real events; to comfort &amp; link us to others</li> <li>Stories linked to festivals; add Hanukkah / Purim</li> <li>Aesop's Fables / Badger's Parting Gifts</li> </ul>
YI Sp 2	CHRISTIANITY: What do Christians learn from stories of Jesus?	Incarnation Salvation	YI Su I ISLAM: What is important for Muslim families?	respect Prophet ibadah salaam (peace) creation	Is prayer important to everyone?
	<ul> <li>Stories about Jesus, baby → man</li> <li>Jesus human 'like us' and divine, 'like God'</li> <li>Jesus' stories ('parables') &amp; miracles</li> <li>Christians as 'followers' of Jesus</li> <li>End with Easter story and symbols</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Muhammad (pbuh) is the most important Prophet (messenger) for Muslims</li> <li>Muslims learn from his life &amp; example</li> <li>Qur'an contains the holy words of Allah</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Who do people pray to? Does everyone pray?</li> <li>How is prayer different from reflection?</li> <li>Buddhist 'prayer' flags &amp; prayer beads across traditions</li> </ul>
Y2 Au I	CHRISTIANITY: What is God like for Christians?	God 'Holy' Creation	Y2 Su I ISLAM: Who is Allah and how do Muslims worship him?	Allah salah Ibadah	Why should we look after the world?
	<ul> <li>Build on idea of God as creator</li> <li>Images of God from the Bible: shepherd, parent, King; Jesus 'like God'</li> <li>Ideas in art / story / song</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Muslims believe in One God, Allah</li> <li>99 beautiful names express what Allah is like, including 'Al-Khaliq' (creator)</li> <li>Prayer is part of worship of Allah (ibadah)</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Link to ideas from prior learning about creation</li> <li>Caring about the world from non-religious perspective – we all share our world</li> <li>Tu B'Shvat (Jewish tree-planting festival)</li> </ul>
Y2 Au 2	CHRISTIANITY: Why is giving important to Christians?	l <mark>ncarnation</mark> Worship Kingdom	THIS BOX IS INTENTIONALLY BLANK!		Y2: Su 2 Is giving better than receiving?
	<ul> <li>Why / when do we give to others?</li> <li>Christians as 'Church' give in different ways e.g. 'service', food bank</li> <li>Commandments to 'love God &amp; love others'</li> <li>Giving at Christmas because God gave</li> </ul>				<ul> <li>Giving &amp; receiving through festivals e.g. Harvest festivals / Christmas / Easter / Eid</li> <li>Gifts of Creation / Shabbat / Torah / Qur'an / Jesus</li> <li>How do Sikhs give and why?</li> <li>Giving from a non-religious perspective</li> </ul>

¥2 Sp 2	<ul> <li>CHRISTIANITY: Why do Christians call Jesus 'Saviour'?</li> <li>'Saving' others; Jesus as 'Saviour'</li> <li>Jesus changing lives e.g. Zacchaeus</li> <li>Salvation in Easter story, symbols in Easter garden</li> </ul>	Salvation			THIS BOX IS INTENTIONALLY BLANK!
LKS2	Compulsory units: 3 per year	Concepts	Compulsory units: 2 per year	Concepts	Thematic units – choose I per year
	CHRISTIANITY: How can artists help us to understand what Christians believe and do?		Y3 Sp I JUDAISM: What are important times for Jewish people?	mitruot	Why do people make promises?
Y3 Au I	<ul> <li>How Christians show ideas about God through art</li> <li>Crosses from around the world</li> <li>Art (incl. Christmas) from different cultures: Jesus 'like us' (incarnation)</li> </ul>	God Incarnation Salvation	<ul> <li>Importance of 'remembering' in Judaism</li> <li>Key festivals: Passover &amp; Sukkot, links to stories &amp; practices</li> <li>Bar/Bat Mitzvah as commitment to keep mitzvot</li> </ul>	mitzvot Covenant Shabbat Shalom	<ul> <li>How people demonstrate commitment through making promises e.g. in marriage, at birth, rites of passage etc.</li> <li>Draw on material across religions &amp; beliefs studied</li> </ul>
Ү3 Sp 2	CHRISTIANITY: How did Jesus change lives – and how is it 'good news?'	Gospel Kingdom	Y3 Su I ISLAM: How does 'ibadah' (worship) show what's important to Muslims?	Tawhid – Allah is One Ummah Salah submission	What is the 'Golden Rule' and why do so many people live by it?
	<ul> <li>Miracles &amp; stories about Jesus through the eyes of Peter</li> <li>'Gospel' as 'good news'</li> <li>Forgiveness &amp; restoration</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Prayer (salah) shows submission to Allah</li> <li>Ummah as an equal community of believers</li> <li>Qur'an as final revelation &amp; guide for living</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>We share a common need to be treated well in order to live together peacefully.</li> <li>The 'golden rule' is shared across religions &amp; beliefs &amp; how this impacts on ways of living</li> </ul>
¥3 Au 2	CHRISTIANITY: What's the Bible's 'big story' – and why is it like treasure for Christians?	Creation Free will / Fall Covenant People Incarnation Salvation Gospel Kingdom	Y4 Sp I SIKHI: What do Sikhs value?	Equality Pray, Work, Gwe' Moksha Five Ks Guru	Y3 Su 2 Why do people use creative ways to express their beliefs?
	<ul> <li>The Bible tells the big story of God and his people – place stories &amp; concepts</li> <li>At the centre of it is Jesus</li> <li>Why might the Bible be like 'treasure'?</li> <li>Using creativity to express ideas / beliefs</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Duties of Sikhs to pray, work and give</li> <li>Equality is important to Sikhs &amp; is expressed in langar &amp; Sikh community</li> <li>Gurus as teachers &amp; leaders</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>People from different traditions express themselves through the arts in different ways &amp; why this is</li> <li>Some ideas and beliefs are easier to express through the arts / symbolism</li> </ul>
	CHRISTIANITY: What did God promise to his people?		Y4 Su   HUMANISM: How do non- religious people celebrate new life?		Are words more important than actions?
Y4 Au I	<ul> <li>Covenants and stories from OT, including creation</li> <li>What impact do God's promises have on Christians, the things they promise and their subsequent actions?</li> </ul>	God Creation Covenant People	<ul> <li>Celebrating new life is important to religious &amp; non-religious people</li> <li>We have one life to live &amp; it's worth celebrating; freedom to choose</li> <li>Key principles of Humanism through baby</li> </ul>	Science Reason Empathy	<ul> <li>Consider key teachings from religions / beliefs studied – is it more important to believe words or live them?</li> <li>Which words / actions do you live by?</li> </ul>
¥4 Au 2	CHRISTIANITY: What did Jesus say about God's kingdom & why is it 'good news'?	Gospel Kingdom	welcoming ceremonies		
	<ul> <li>'Kingdom' as God's rule on earth &amp; in heaven</li> </ul>		THIS BOX IS INTENTIONALLY BLANK!		Y4 Su 2 How do people try to make the world a fairer place?

	<ul> <li>Jesus' teaching about God's Kingdom in the Sermon on the Mount &amp; the Great Commandment</li> <li>Christians living as citizens of God's Kingdo</li> </ul>	m			<ul> <li>There are situations of social and economic unfairness in the world</li> <li>Many religions and belief systems teach it is important to share and give to those who are in need</li> </ul>
¥4 Sp 2	<ul> <li>CHRISTIANITY: For Christians, is communion celebration, or an act of remembrance?</li> <li>Communion as a sacrament to 'remember'</li> <li>Passover &amp; new covenant (&amp; Easter)</li> <li>Communion &amp; symbolism across the world</li> </ul>	Salva	ition		<ul> <li>&amp; care for the environment</li> <li>Focus on Mitzvah Day in Judaism as a way of bringing about tzedek (justice) or Tikkun Olam (restoration)</li> <li>How can we make a difference?</li> </ul>
UKS2	Compulsory units: 3 per year	Concepts	Compulsory units: 2 per year	Concepts	Thematic units – choose I per year
	CHRISTIANITY: What do Christians believe about creation?		NB Judaism & Islam units are compulsory Across	s UKS2,	How did it all begin?
Y5 Aul	<ul> <li>Link with Science curriculum: creation / evolution theories</li> <li>Humanity has choices – 'free will'</li> <li>All of creation is affected by 'the fall'</li> <li>One day there will be a new creation</li> </ul>	Creation Free will	choose either I Hindu & I Buddhism unit or both Hindu Dharma units: if you choose both, you <u>must</u> include some Buddhism in your chosen thematic unit		<ul> <li>What are the different beliefs about what happened?</li> <li>Are there common threads across religions?</li> <li>Can you believe in both God and science?</li> <li>Is it important to know how the world began?</li> </ul>
	CHRISTIANITY: Why is the idea of 'rescue' so important to Christians?	Creation Free will / Fall	Y5 Spl JUDAISM: What does it mean to be part of a synagogue community?	ci.	Is life a journey?
Y5 Au2	<ul> <li>God's 'Big Story' – the rescue plan</li> <li>Stories of salvation across OT &amp; NT</li> <li>'Salvation' in the Easter story</li> <li>Creative expressions of salvation</li> </ul>	Coople People Incarnation Gospel Salvation Kingdom	<ul> <li>Centrality of Torah to worship (e.g. shema)</li> <li>Impact of commitment to justice / living according to mitzvot in the Torah / remembering (Yom Kippur)</li> <li>Synagogue: place of learning, worship &amp; gathering for different types of Jewish people</li> </ul>	Shema Torah mitzvot Tzedek (Justice)	<ul> <li>Milestones - personal / others</li> <li>How do we overcome hurdles on a journey?</li> <li>How do people decide which way to go?</li> <li>Is a journey better shared?</li> <li>Is a pilgrimage different from a journey?</li> </ul>
	CHRISTIANITY: How did the Church begin, and where is it now?		Yr 5 Su I ISLAM: What helps Muslims to live a good life?	Shahadah	Y5 Su 2 What does it mean to live a 'good life?
Ү5 Sp2	<ul> <li>Birth of the Church at Pentecost</li> <li>God calls the Church to do God's work in the world and be 'good news'</li> <li>Baptism, worship &amp; service are signs of membership</li> </ul>	Kingdom Gospel	<ul> <li>Five pillars as duties for living a good life</li> <li>Fasting and celebrating contribute to a good life</li> <li>Hadith &amp; sunnah as guidance to follow</li> </ul>	Salah Sawm Zakah Hajj hadith	<ul> <li>How do different people answer this question?</li> <li>Does collaborating make life better?</li> <li>What might the consequences of not living a good life be?</li> <li>Impact of good life on world, global / local community &amp; self-identity</li> </ul>
	CHRISTIANITY: How is God Three – and yet One?		Y6 Au HINDU (SANATANA) DHARMA: What helps Hindus (Sanatanis) to worship?	ʻsanatan dharma'	What can be done to reduce racism? Can RE help? (NATRE materials)
Y6	<ul> <li>Holy Spirit is God at work in the world</li> <li>Holy Spirit in relationship with Father &amp; Son</li> <li>Trinity in baptism of Jesus, creation &amp; Christians' experience</li> <li>How does this compare with other religions?</li> </ul>	God Trinity Incarnation	<ul> <li>'Sanatana Dharma' as a way of life</li> <li>Brahman present in all things &amp; represented in many forms esp. Trimurti</li> <li>Key deities and avatars of Hinduism and their place in Hindu worship</li> </ul>	Brahman (tri)murti Puja Arti 'Incarnation'	<ul> <li>What do we mean by 'racism'?</li> <li>What can we learn from two statues in Bristol?</li> <li>How can the Golden Rule challenge racism?</li> <li>Can good RE promote justice &amp; equality for all?</li> </ul>
Y6	CHRISTIANITY: What do Christians believe about the Messiah – and why is it good news?	Incarnation Covenant	HINDU (SANATANA) DHARMA: Why should Hindus (Sanatanis) live a good life?	ʻsanatan dharma' Samsara	Y6: Su 2 Who am I and where do I belong?
10	<ul> <li>Jesus as fulfilment of OT prophecies in his birth, life and death</li> <li>Link with story of Simeon in the temple</li> </ul>	People Gospel Salvation	<ul><li>Cycle of samsara &amp; impact of karma</li><li>Moksha as release from cycle of samsara</li></ul>	Karma Moksha	• How do communities gain a sense of personal identity through the things they believe?

	<ul> <li>What Jesus said about himself</li> <li>Links to 'I AM' statements in John's Gospel</li> </ul>		• Importance of 4 dharma (duties) & artha (honest living) in achieving a good life		<ul> <li>What are the things that I believe – and where have my ideas come from?</li> <li>How might these ideas help me as I move into Y7?</li> </ul>
¥6	CHRISTIANITY: For Christians, what difference does it make to belong to God's Kingdom?	Kingdom	Y6 Su I BUDDHISM: What is the 'Buddhist way of life'?	'Buddha'	THIS BOX IS INTENTIONALLY BLANK!
	<ul> <li>Command to 'act justly, love mercy, walk humbly' – what does this mean?</li> <li>Lord's Prayer – on earth/ in heaven</li> <li>Christians' beliefs about life after death</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Story of Buddha's enlightenment</li> <li>Buddhists follow dhamma (teachings) to avoid bad karma &amp; escape cycle of samsara</li> <li>Eightfold Path as the way to enlightenment esp. meditation</li> </ul>	Samsara Karma Nirvana	